

# **EUV Mask Blank Manufacturing Solution Within Reach: Immediate Challenges**

International EUVL Symposium, October 27, 2014

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# **Acknowledgements**

#### **SEMATECH Team:**

Arun John, Anil Karumuri, Jung Hwan Yum, Hojune Lee, Mason Jang, Emilio Stinzianni, Shahid Memon, Milton Godwin, Jon Underwood, Timothy Owen, Mark Maloney, Lenny Gwenden, Nancy Lethbridge, Edward Maillet, Butch Halliday, and Anne Rudack

#### **Veeco Team:**

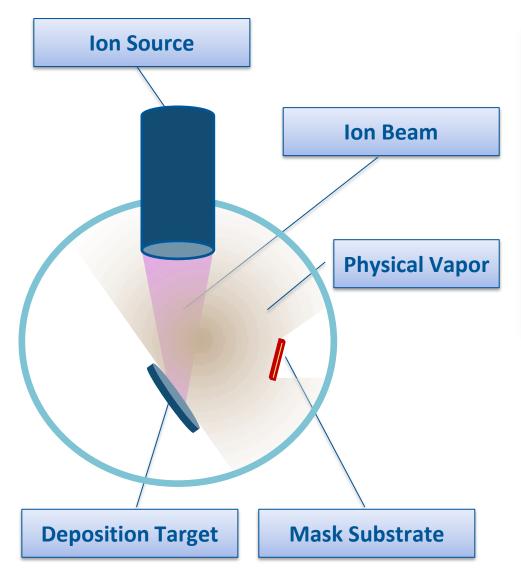
Alfred Weaver, Alan Hayes, Timothy Pratt

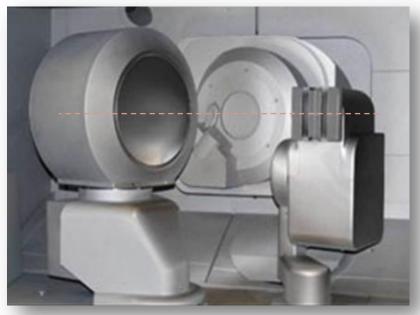
And those who have contributed to this work, but might be missed from here

## **Outline**

- Intro: Tool, FA
- Pareto
- Yields: on Total- & Adder-Defects
- Defects: z-Locations and Compositions
- HVM Solution?
- Conclusions

# **Veeco EUVL Mask Blank Deposition System: IBD**





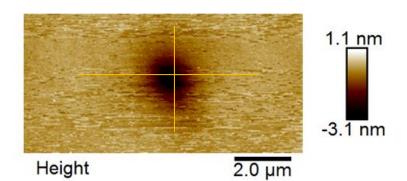
Front-view Veeco IBD configuration

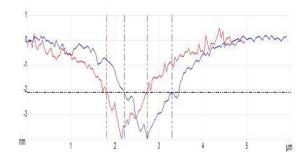
In this paper, data from two ion optics configurations will be reported, referred to as "POR" and "NEW".

Top-view diagram of Veeco IBD configuration

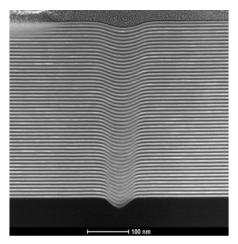
# Mask Blank Multilayer Defect Analyses

Defect analyses for element, morphology, size and vertical location (AFM, FIB SEM, EDS, TEM)

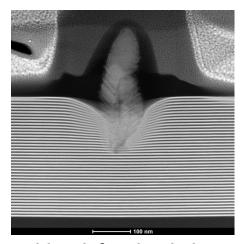




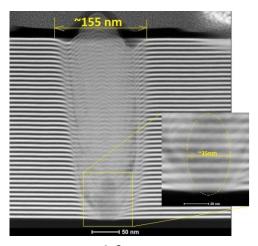
ML Defect decorated from substrate
Pit: ~4nm deep in ML



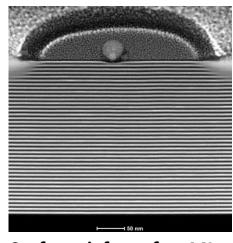
Decorated from substrate pit



Adder-defect landed during ML deposition

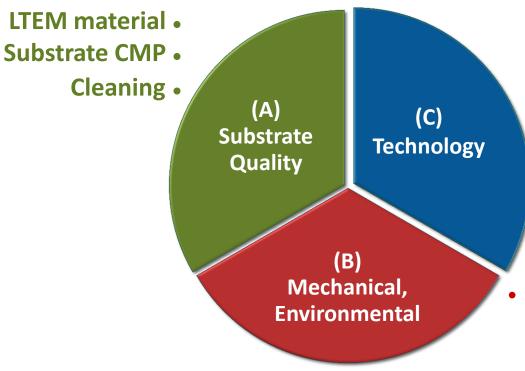


Decorated from substrate particle



Surface defect after ML deposition complete

## Mask Blank Defect: Pareto



- Ion optics
- Targets
- Chamber shields
- Deposition process

- Tool components: such as loadlock, gate valves, e-chuck, and robots, vacuum...
- Handling outside dep. tool

Mechanical, environmental particles measured with **FPM** (Full-Path particle Monitor) in this work

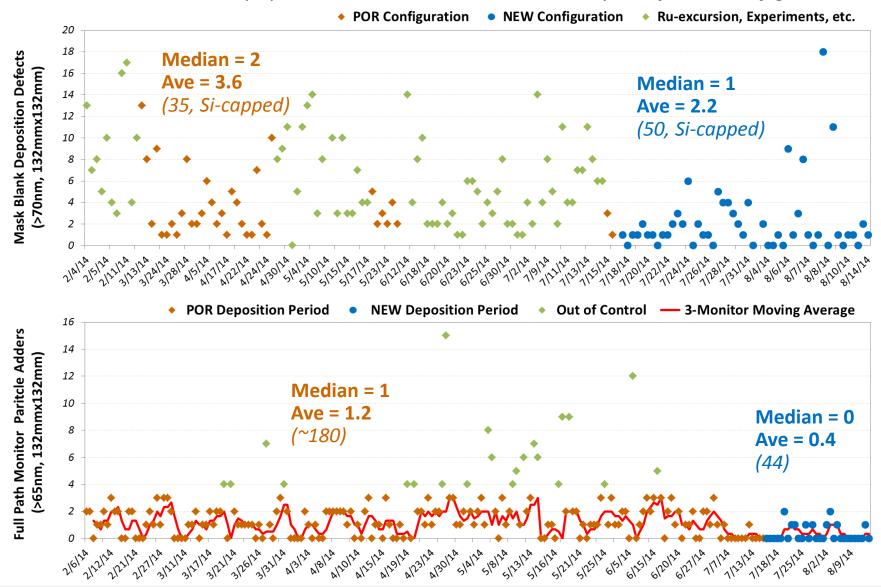
- Total ML Defects = B + C + A
- ML Dep. Defects = B + C



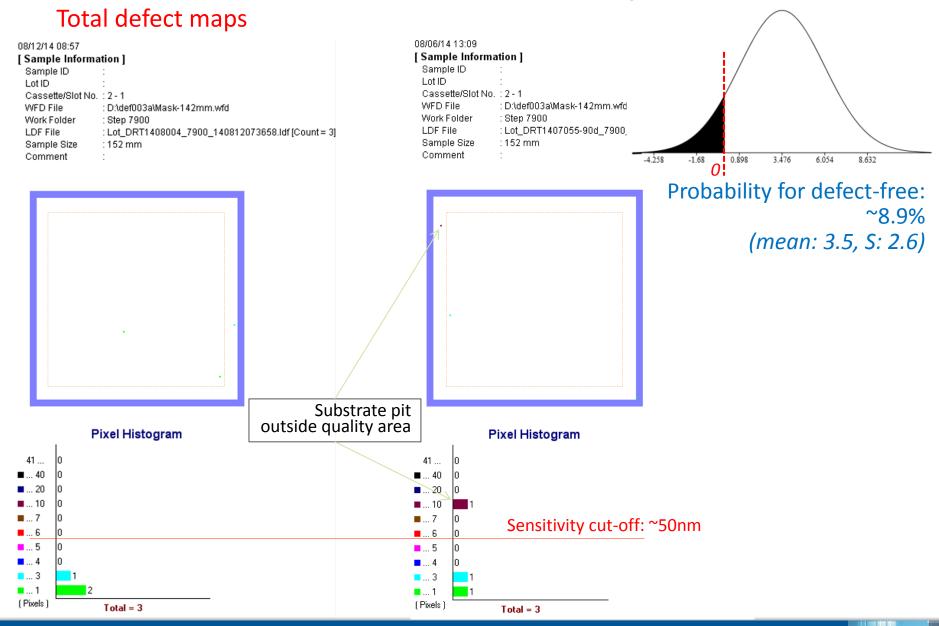
Decorated Sub-sensitivity
Substrate Defects

# Multilayer Defects & FPM Particles: All Raw Data

Yield discussions in this paper are all based on the 50 multilayers of NEW configuration.

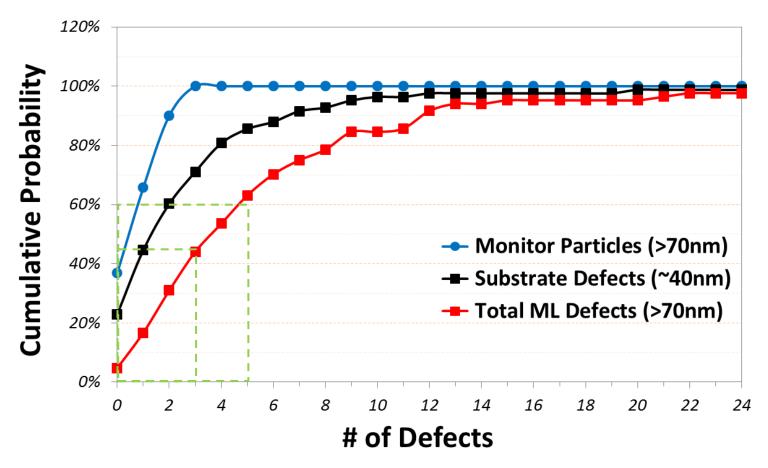


Defect-Free Mask Blanks: 4% Yield, @54nm



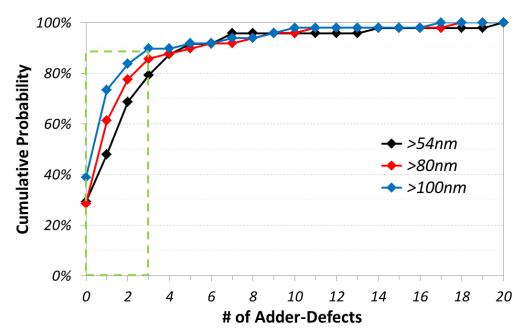
# Significant Mask Blank Multilayer Yields

- ~5% yield of zero total-defects, >40% of 3 total-defects, etc.
- Substrate yielded at ~20%, contributed about half of ML defects



Distribution functions, or *yields as functions of defects* for 50 ML blanks (NEW), substrates as used, and particle monitors run in the same period

# ML Deposition Yield: ~80% of ≤3 Adder-Defects



Mask blank yields on adder-defects for cutoff at 54nm, 80nm and 100nm, respectively

#### ML yields of adder-defects:

	0 defect	≤1 defect	≤3 defects
@54m/M7360	28%	47%	78%
@80nm/M1350	28%	60%	84%
@100nm/M1350	38%	72%	88%

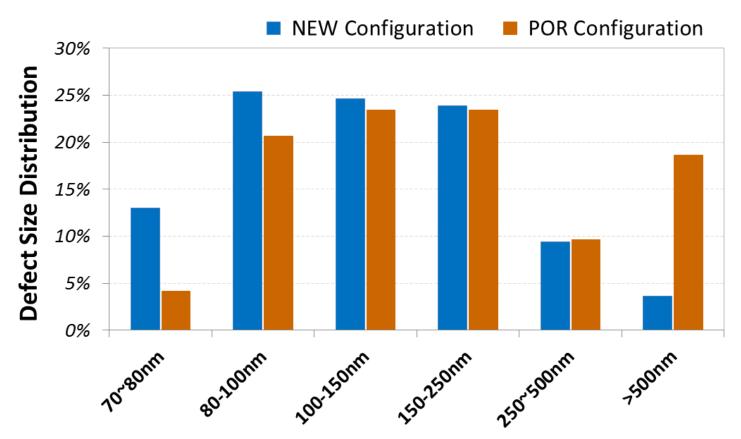
50 ML mask blanks included (NEW), all with Si-capping

#### ML yields of *total*-defects:

SPEC Assumed	Yield
0 defect, >54nm	4%
<5 defects, <80nm	<b>10%</b> (Actual data: 1 defect)
<5 defects, <100nm	20%

## Multilayer Adder Defects: Size Distribution

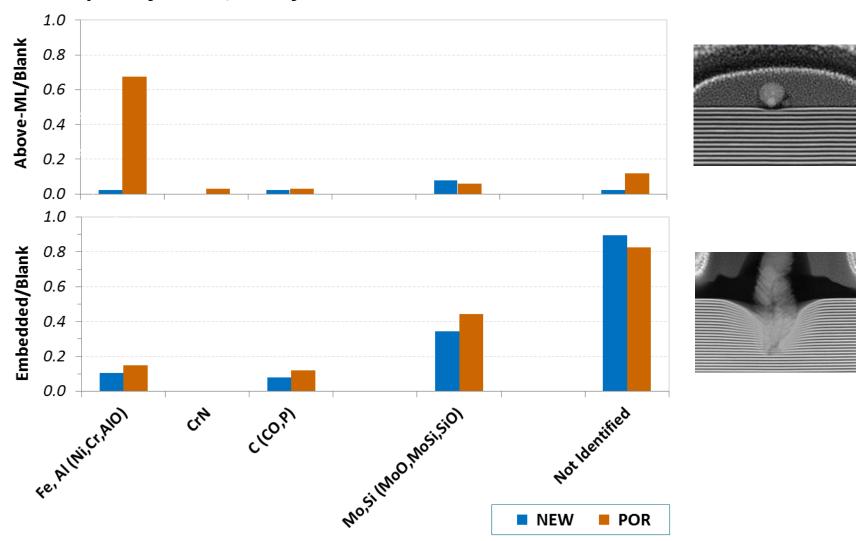
About 3 out of 4 defects range from ~80 to ~250nm.



Defect size distributions of 50 ML blanks with NEW ion optics configuration and 35 ML blanks with POR configuration

# ML Adder-Defect Composition: Pareto

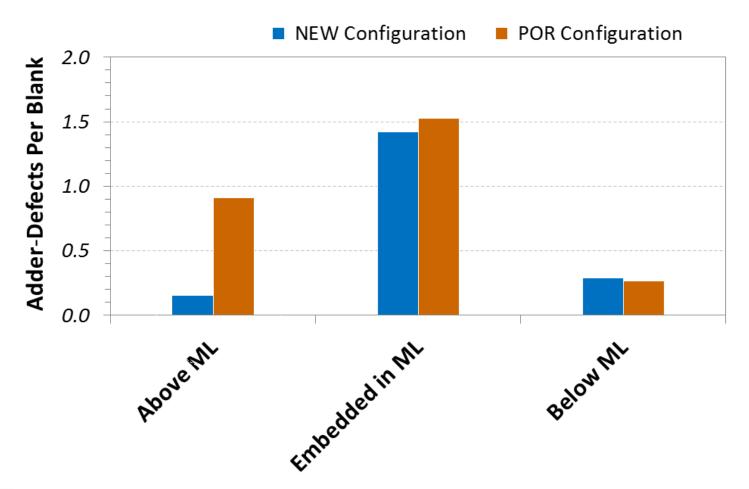
All embedded and surface defects appear similar between POR & NEW, except surface Fe/Al defects.



### ML Adder-Defects: Z-Location Distribution

#### Confirming significantly more surface defects on POR blanks

Fe, Al compositions dominate in surface defects, from prior slide. (composition-not-identified (small) defects included)

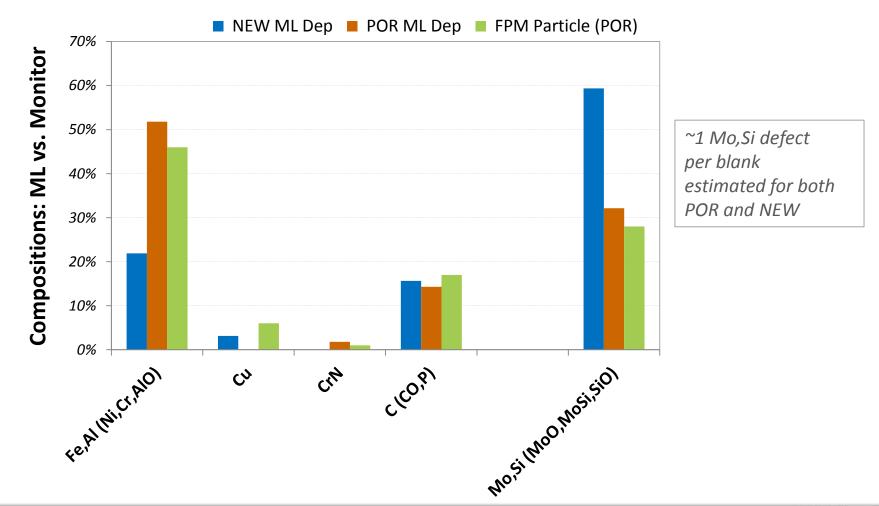


# ML Defect Composition: Follows Particle Monitor

#### Compositions similar between FPM monitors & POR blanks

FPM improved before NEW blank dep, no similarity expected w/earlier FPM

(Too few particles from new FPM baseline to compare with NEW blanks)



# **Comparative Data Recap**

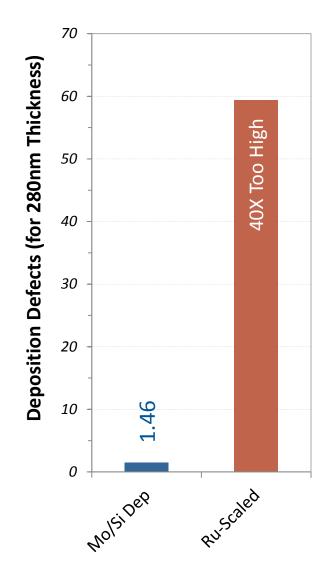
Data	NEW-Configuration	POR-Configuration	Comparison
Yields	As discussed	Not discussed	
Adder-defects per blank	Median: 1, Ave: 2.2	Median: 2, Ave: 3.6	Different
FPM particle monitors	Median: 0, Ave: 0.4	Median: 1, Ave: 1.2	Different
Embedded-defects* per blank, by elements	Mo, Si: ~0.92 All others: ~0.50	Mo, Si: ~0.95 All others: ~0.57	On par
Surface-defects* per blank, by elements	Fe/Al: ~0.03 All others: ~0.12	Fe/Al: ~0.78 All others: ~0.13	Fe/Al: different Other elements: On par
Defect z-location distributions * (defects per blank)	Surface: ~0.16 Embedded: ~1.42 Under ML: ~0.29	Surface: ~0.91 Embedded: ~1.53 Under ML: ~0.27	Surface defect: different Embedded: On par Under ML: On par
Adder-defect compositions vs. FPM	(Too few FPM particles)	ML follows FPM particles	
Adder-defect size distributions	80nm - 250nm (3 out of 4 defects)	80nm - 250nm (3 out of 4 defects)	On par
	<70nm: ~10% more	>500nm: ~15% more	Different

<sup>\*</sup>Over 30 blanks are included in the analyses from both NEW and POR.

# Ru Defect Baseline: Improvement Needed

- Mo/Si ML stack 1.4 defects (40 Mo/Si pairs)
- Ru capping 0.6 defects
   (1 Ru layer)

Mo/Si ML deposition defects (right)
vs.
Ru-defects if scaled to the same thickness as
full Mo/Si stack



# HVM Solution is Within Reach: Further Improvements Needed

Target Area	Benchmark	Improvement Required
Technology defect (Compositions including Mo, Si)	<b>~1.0 defect</b> (per blank)	Mo/Si deposition, targets, shields, ion source component
Ru defect	<b>~0.6 defects</b> (per blank)	Ru defect reduction
Mechanical particle performance (full path monitor)	~0.4 particles (per run)	Tooling, manufacturability
Substrate quality	Low Yield	Production-worthy yield
Substrate, blank inspection	Insufficient Sensitivity	Advanced capability

Long term baselines established, continuous improvements needed: Some capabilities demonstrated, significant improvements needed: Technology solutions do not exist today:

### **Conclusions**

- SEMATECH has recently demonstrated milestone EUV mask blank multilayer yields on both total- and adder-defects (Si-capping).
  - 4% yield of total-defect free mask blank multilayers,
     @54nm, SiO2-equivalent
  - ~40% yields on ≤3 total-defects, @80nm
  - ~80% yields on ≤3 adder-defects, @80nm
- A manufacturing solution for EUV mask blanks is within reach. Significant improvements in both tooling and deposition technologies are required.

(Reassessment will be needed when inspection capability becomes available below 50nm.)